

Adopted New Rules: [N.J.A.C. 18:27](#)

\$ 250.00 Property Tax Deduction for Veterans, Surviving Spouses of Veterans, Surviving Spouses of Servicepersons, Surviving Registered Domestic Partners of Veterans, and Surviving Registered Domestic Partners of Servicepersons

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CHAPTER 27

\$ 250.00 PROPERTY TAX DEDUCTION FOR VETERANS, SURVIVING SPOUSES OF VETERANS, SURVIVING SPOUSES OF SERVICEPERSONS, SURVIVING REGISTERED DOMESTIC PARTNERS OF VETERANS AND SURVIVING REGISTERED DOMESTIC PARTNERS *[OF VETERANS]* OF SERVICEPERSONS

SUBCHAPTER 1. DEFINITIONS

18:27-1.1 Words and phrases defined

The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

"Active service in time of war" means active service at some time during one of the following periods ("peacekeeping missions" are noted with an asterisk):

Mission	Inception	Termination
Operation Northern/ Southern Watch*	August 27, 1992	*[Effective tax year 2006]* *March 17, 2003*
Operation Iraqi Freedom*	March 19, 2003	Ongoing
Operation Enduring Freedom*	September 11, 2001	Ongoing
"Joint Endeavor/ Joint Guard" Bosnia and Herzegovina*	November 20, 1995	June 20, 1998
"Restore Hope"	December 5, 1992	March 31, 1994

Mission Somalia*		
Operation "Desert Shield/ Desert Storm" Mission*	August 2, 1990	February 28, 1991
Panama Peacekeeping Mission*	December 20, 1989	January 31, 1990
Grenada Peacekeeping Mission*	October 23, 1983	November 21, 1983
Lebanon Peacekeeping Mission*	September 26, 1982	December 1, 1987
Vietnam Conflict	December 31, 1960	May 7, 1975
Lebanon Crisis of 1958*	July 1, 1958	November 1, 1958
Korean Conflict	June 23, 1950	January 31, 1955
World War II	September 16, 1940	December 31, 1946
World War I	April 6, 1917	November 11, 1918

1. Peacekeeping missions require a minimum of 14 days service in the actual combat zone except where service-incurred injury or disability occurs in the combat zone, then actual time served though less than 14 days, is sufficient for purposes of property tax **deduction**. The 14-day requirement for Bosnia and Herzegovina may be met by services in one or both operations for 14 days continuously or in the aggregate. For Bosnia and Herzegovina, combat zone also includes the airspace above those nations.

"Armed Forces" means the land, air and sea forces established by State or Federal laws as applicable.

"Assessor" means the assessor or deputy assessor of a taxing district charged with the duty of assessing real and personal property for the purpose of general taxation.

"Citizenship," for purposes of this Chapter, means New Jersey State citizenship, while United States citizenship is not required.

"Collector" means the collector or deputy collector or receiver on his behalf of taxes of a taxing district charged with the duty of collecting real property taxes for the purpose of general taxation.

"Cooperative" means a housing corporation or association incorporated or organized under the laws of New Jersey which entitles a shareholder thereof to possess and occupy for dwelling purposes a house, apartment or other structure owned or leased by the corporation or association.

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation.

"Domestic partner" means the lawful domestic partner registered under [N.J.S.A. 26:8A-1](#) et seq., of a **veteran** or serviceperson defined elsewhere in this subsection where the property ownership is as joint tenants with right of survivorship.

"Domicile" is any place an individual regards as his or her permanent home, the place he or she intends to return to after a period of absence. A person has only one domicile, although he or she may reside in more than one place. Domicile, once established, continues until the individual moves to a new location with the intent to make it his or her permanent home and to abandon his or her prior domicile. Moving to a new location for less than 12 months does not change domicile if the clear intent is to return to New Jersey.

"Honorably discharged or released under honorable circumstances from active service in time of war" means and includes every form of separation from active, full-time duty with military or naval pay and allowances in some branch of the Armed Forces of the United States in time of war, other than those marked "dishonorable," "undesirable," "bad conduct," "by sentence of general court martial," "by sentence of summary court martial" or similar expression indicating that the discharge or release was not under honorable circumstances. A disenrollment certificate or other form of release terminating temporary service in a military or naval branch of the armed forces rendered on a voluntary and part-time basis without pay, or a release from or deferment of induction into the active military or naval service shall not be deemed to be honorably discharged.

"Mutual housing corporation" means a corporation not-for-profit incorporated under the laws of New Jersey on a mutual or cooperative basis within the scope of section 607 of the "National Defense Housing Act" ([42 U.S.C. §§1512](#) et seq.), which acquired a National Defense Housing Project pursuant to that act.

"Owner of legal title to the property" means possession of a legal interest in the property, such that the owner has the right to convey title as grantor.

"Pretax year" means the particular calendar year immediately preceding the "tax year."

"Resident" means one legally domiciled in the State of New Jersey. Seasonal or temporary residence in the State, of whatever duration, shall not constitute domicile in the State for purposes of the **deduction**. Absence from the State for a period of 12 months shall be prima facie evidence of abandonment of domicile in this State.

"Serviceperson" means a citizen and resident of this State who has performed in active service in time of war in a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States and who dies while on active duty.

"Surviving domestic partner" means the lawful surviving registered domestic partner of a **veteran** or serviceperson, while a resident of this State, who has not entered into a new registered domestic partnership.

"Surviving spouse" means the surviving lawful wife or husband of any of the following, while a resident of this State, who has remained unmarried, that is, widowed/widowed.

1. A citizen and resident of this State who died or shall die while on active duty in time of war in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States;
2. A citizen and resident of this State who has had or shall hereafter have active service in time of war in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States and who died or shall die while on active duty in a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States; or
3. A citizen and resident of this State who has been honorably discharged or released under honorable circumstances from active service in time of war in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States.

"Tax year" means the particular calendar year in which the general property tax is due and payable.

"**Veteran**" means any citizen and resident of this State honorably discharged or released under honorable circumstances from active service in time of war in a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States.

"**Veteran's deduction**" means the **deduction** against the taxes payable by any person allowable pursuant to P.L. 1963, c. 171, as amended.

SUBCHAPTER 2. CONDITIONS OF ELIGIBILITY AND QUALIFICATIONS

18:27-2.1 Character of the **veteran's** property tax **deduction**

Veterans honorably discharged or released under honorable circumstances from active service in time of war, or the unmarried surviving spouses or surviving domestic partners of such **veterans**, are granted a tax **deduction** on the real ***or personal*** property*, **or both,*** in which they have a legal interest.

18:27-2.2 Conditions of eligibility for the **veteran's** property tax **deduction**

(a) To qualify for the property tax **deduction**, a **veteran** claimant must meet the following conditions as of October 1 of the pretax year:

1. Be a citizen and resident of New Jersey;
2. Possess an honorable discharge or release under honorable circumstances from active service in time of war in a branch of the United States Armed Forces pursuant to [N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.11](#); and
3. Own legal title to the claimed property or a fractional or partial ownership interest in the property.

(b) A surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner of a deceased **veteran** claiming **deduction** must meet the following conditions as of October 1 of the pretax year:

1. Be the surviving lawful wife, husband or domestic partner of a **veteran** who was honorably discharged from active service in time of war in the United States Armed Forces and who was, at the time of death, a citizen and resident of New Jersey;

2. Remain unmarried or not enter into a new registered domestic partnership;
3. Be a resident of New Jersey; and
4. Own legal title to the claimed property or a fractional or partial ownership interest in the property.

(c) A surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner of a deceased serviceperson claiming **deduction** must meet the following conditions as of October 1 of the pretax year:

1. Be the surviving lawful wife, husband or domestic partner of a serviceperson who dies while in active service in a branch of the United States Armed Forces in time of war and who at the time of death was a citizen and resident of New Jersey;
2. Remain unmarried or not enter into a new registered domestic partnership;
3. Be a resident of New Jersey; and
4. Own legal title to the claimed property or a fractional or partial ownership interest in the property.

(e) [N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.11](#) requires that the **veteran** have had "active service in time of war." A claimant must clearly establish that the service performed was during one of the periods specified in [N.J.A.C. 18:27-1.1](#). Assessors and collectors should carefully examine the service record (Form DD-214) to verify that service was performed in a statutory specified period and in a qualifying branch of the United States Armed Forces.

18:27-2.3 Remarriage; new domestic partnership

(a) A **veteran's** widow/widower loses the **deduction** on remarriage. Divorce of the second spouse does not restore the **deduction**, but an annulment does.

(b) A **veteran's** domestic partner loses the **deduction** on entering a new registered domestic partnership. Termination of the new domestic partnership does not restore the **deduction**.

18:27-2.4 Citizenship and residency in New Jersey

(a) Only a New Jersey State citizen is eligible for the **deduction**, but citizenship of the United States is not required.

(b) [N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.10\(f\)](#) equates "residency" with "domicile," which is that place one regards as his or her true and permanent home. The burden of proving legal domicile in this State is upon the property tax **deduction** claimant. Absence from the State for a period of 12 months is "prima facie" evidence of abandonment of domicile. A claimant may overcome the presumption of abandonment due to absence from the State by producing convincing evidence that his or her domicile remains in New Jersey.

(c) The surviving spouse or domestic partner of a **veteran** or serviceperson, though himself or herself a New Jersey resident, is not entitled to the **deduction if the**

veteran, at the time of death, was not a legal resident of New Jersey.

18:27-2.5 Honorable discharge

(a) **Veteran** claimants must be honorably discharged or released from full-time active duty under honorable circumstances to be eligible for the **veteran's deduction**.

(b) Military personnel in the armed forces of the United States who remain in continuous military service do not qualify for the property tax **deduction**.

(c) Re-entry into the military service does not disqualify a claimant for the property tax **deduction** previously granted on the basis of a prior honorable discharge or discharge under honorable circumstances.

18:27-2.6 Ineligible discharge

(a) A disenrollment certificate or other form of release terminating temporary service in a military or naval branch of the Armed Forces on a voluntary and part-time basis without pay, or a release from or deferment of induction into active air, infantry or naval service shall not be accepted as proof of honorable discharge.

(b) Clemency discharge is a "neutral discharge" according to the United States Department of Justice (DOJ). Although it is not "less than honorable, it is something other than honorable. As such, it does not meet the requirement of honorable discharge pursuant to the DOJ Internal Memo October 18, 1978.

18:27-2.7 Branches of the Armed Forces of the United States

(a) As used in this chapter, "branches of the Armed Forces of the United States" as determined by civilian State and Federal military agencies, such as the New Jersey Department of Military and **Veteran's** Affairs and the United States Department of Defense, include, but are not limited to:

1. The Air Force;
2. The Army;
3. The Army Transport Command;
4. The Coast Guard;
5. The Marine Corps;
6. The Navy;
7. The Women's Army Corps (as of July 1, 1943); and
8. Regularly established women's auxiliary units of the Coast Guard, Marine Corps, Air Force and Navy, together with nurses, when performing in active service with the above listed military service branches.

(b) Reserve unit personnel, who would qualify for the **deduction**, when detailed for

and in active service in time of war with the branches listed in (a) above are as follows:

1. The Air Force Enlisted Reserve Corps;
2. The Air National Guard of the United States;
3. The Coast Guard Regular Reserve;
4. The Coast Guard Reserve;
5. The Dental Reserve Corps of the Navy;
6. The Enlisted Reserve Corps;
7. The Marine Corps Reserve;
8. The Marine Corps Reserve Force;
9. The Medical Reserve Corps of the Army;
10. The Medical Reserve Corps of the Navy;
11. The National Naval Volunteers;
12. The National Guard of the United States;
13. The Naval Auxiliary Reserve;
14. The Naval Militia;
15. The Naval Reserve;
16. The Naval Reserve Force;
17. The Officers' Reserve Corps of the Air Force;
18. The Officers' Reserve Corps of the Army;
19. The Officers' Reserve Corps of the Navy;
20. The Organized Reserve;
21. The Public Health Service;
22. The Regular Army Reserves;
23. The Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service;
24. The Reserve Officers Training Corps;
25. The Students Army Training Corps;

26. The United States Maritime Services (Merchant Marines) during World War II;

27. The United States Army Transport Service Transportation Corps during World War II; and

28. The United States Naval Transportation Service during World War II.

(c) Subsections (a) and (b) above are not a complete list of units deemed a "branch of the Armed Forces of the United States." Personnel assigned to certain units, though not branches of the Armed Forces, may qualify, provided the unit was detailed for active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States. Assessors and collectors should examine the service record portion of the discharge to ascertain whether the claimant served in such a unit.

18:27-2.8 Ineligible service organizations and individuals

(a) The following organizations and individuals are not part of the Armed Forces of the United States:

1. The American Red Cross;

2. The New Jersey State Guard;

3. The New Jersey State Militia;

4. The Salvation Army;

5. The Women's Army Auxiliary Corps (prior to July 1, 1943);

6. The Young Men's Hebrew Association (YMHA), the Young Men's Christian Association (YMCA) and the Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA);

7. Civilian employees of the United States and civilians serving as part of civilian defense units, such as air raid precautions, auxiliary police, auxiliary fire service, and coast guard reserves; and

8. Members of Allied Forces, such as the Canadian and Polish Armies.

18:27-2.9 Ownership of legal title; fractional interests

(a) A claimant must hold legal title to the property for which the **deduction** is claimed or a fractional, that is, partial ownership interest in the property. Where property title is held by a claimant and another, or others, as joint tenants or tenants in common, the interest of each tenant is treated as equal to that of the other, unless the deed specifically provides for unequal interests, except that where the claimant and other owner are registered domestic partners and own the real property as joint tenants with right of survivorship, each partner owns a full ownership interest so that either may qualify for the full property tax **deduction** if otherwise eligible. Where property title is held by husband and wife, as tenants by the entirety, each spouse owns a full ownership interest, so that either may qualify for the full property tax **deduction** if otherwise eligible. Each joint tenant, tenant-in-common or tenant by the entirety may claim a **deduction** on his or her proportionate share of property taxes.

(b) For property having multiple owners each **veteran** claimant is eligible for his or her full property tax **deduction** provided his or her proportionate share of the property taxes paid equals or exceeds the full **deduction** amount.

Example: Four qualified **veterans** own a residential condominium unit as tenants in common which they bought for an investment. They each have a one quarter interest. If the total annual property taxes are \$ 3,000, each has a tax obligation of \$ 750.00. Each, therefore, is entitled to a \$ 250.00 **deduction**. Net taxes due on the property are \$ 2,000.

18:27-2.10 Owners of life estates, life tenancy, lifetime rights

For purposes of the **veteran's** tax **deduction**, a vested life estate in real property meets the prerequisite of a qualifying ownership interest.

18:27-2.11 Owners under executory contract

A purchaser under an executory contract of sale who is in possession of land has a qualifying ownership interest for the **deduction** under [N.J.S.A. 54:4-1](#) et seq., which provides ". . . An executory contract for the sale of land, under which the vendee is entitled to or does take possession thereof, shall be deemed, for the purposes of this act a mortgage of said land for the unpaid balance of purchase price . . ."

18:27-2.12 Owners as shareholders of cooperative or mutual housing corporations

Tenant shareholders in cooperatives or mutual housing corporations have been declared "owners" of the units based on his or her proportionate share of the taxable value of the real property pursuant to his or her interests in said associations or corporations. Tenant shareholders in cooperatives are entitled to the **deduction** based on his or her proportionate share of taxes assessed against the real property pursuant to the [New Jersey Constitution, Art. 8, Sec. 1, Par. 3](#) and [N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.15](#) and 8.18.

18:27-2.13 Owners via partnerships

Eligibility for a **veteran's** property tax **deduction** extends to property, the title to which is held by a partnership, to the extent of the **veteran** claimant's interest in the partnership.

18:27-2.14 Owners via fiduciary arrangements

Eligibility for a **veteran's** property tax **deduction** extends to a guardian, trustee, committee, conservator or other fiduciary for any persons otherwise qualified for the tax **deduction**.

18:27-2.15 Ineligible ownership

Property title which is held by a corporation is not eligible for the **veteran's** property tax **deduction** except that tenants who are shareholders of stock in cooperatives or mutual housing corporations are eligible for **veteran's deduction**.

18:27-2.16 Apportionment of **deduction**

The property tax **deduction** may be applied in any proportion to the real and/or personal property of the claimant.

18:27-2.17 Continuance of **deduction**

(a) A **deduction**, once granted, shall remain in effect from year to year without the need for claimant's refiling. However, the assessor may at any time request additional information in support of claimant's continued eligibility for the **deduction**.

(b) A **deduction**, established as of October 1 of the pretax year, prevails for the whole of the ensuing year regardless of any change in title which may occur at anytime during said tax year or in the instance of the claimant's death during said year.

18:27-2.18 Omitted and added assessments

The **veteran's** property tax **deduction** may be applied to taxes due on added or omitted assessments.

18:27-2.19 Apportionment between buyer and seller

There is no provision in statutory law for apportionment of the **veteran's deduction** upon sale of a property. This is a matter of negotiation between buyer and seller which might be adjusted or debited/credited at the closing settlement.

18:27-2.20 Aggregate **veteran's deduction**

One full **deduction** of \$ 250.00 is the maximum amount allowed any property tax **deduction** claimant except where a qualified **veteran** claimant is also eligible for a **deduction** as a qualified surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner of a **veteran** or serviceperson. In such cases, two **deductions** of \$ 250.00 each for a total of \$ 500.00 may be allowed.

18:27-2.21 **Veteran's deduction** and senior/disabled **deduction**

Where a **veteran's deduction** is granted to a claimant who also qualified for the \$ 250.00 **deduction** for senior citizens, age 65 years or over, permanently and ***totally*** disabled persons or their surviving spouses or surviving domestic partners, age 55 years or over, the \$ 250.00 **veteran's deduction** shall apply in addition to this other benefit.

18:27-2.22 **Veteran's deduction** and disabled **veteran** exemption

A **deduction** claimant receiving a full exemption on his or her principal residence as a totally and permanently disabled **veteran** may apply the \$ 250.00 **deduction** to other property he or she owns in New Jersey.

18:27-2.23 Timely application; disposition of claim not filed in time

A claim for **deduction** not filed with the assessor or collector within the time limits prescribed in [N.J.S.A. 54:4-8.13](#) shall result in the loss of eligibility for the particular

year. No application for any previous year shall be allowed by the assessor, collector or municipal governing body.

18:27-2.24 Refund of taxes paid

Where an application is approved by the collector during the tax year and the **deduction** exceeds taxes already paid, the governing body in its discretion, may permit a refund, without interest upon request by the claimant, but no refund may be granted for any prior tax year in the absence of a prior completed application on file.

18:27-2.25 Appeals

An aggrieved taxpayer may appeal from the disposition of a claim for the **veteran's** property tax **deduction** in the same manner as is provided for appeals from assessments generally, pursuant to [N.J.S.A. 54:3-21](#) et seq. and [54:4-8.21](#). Disallowance of a claim at a time too late to permit an appeal by April 1 of the tax year entitles an applicant to file with the county tax board of taxation anytime on or before April 1 of the ensuing tax year.

SUBCHAPTER 3. APPLICATION FOR **DEDUCTION**

18:27-3.1 Written claims for **deductions**

All claims for **deductions** must be submitted in writing to the assessor on forms V.S.S., and supplemental V.S.S., if applicable, as approved by the Director, Division of Taxation, and supported by attached photostatic copies of documents necessary to the proof of all conditions prerequisite to entitlement for **deduction**. Application forms should be available in the assessor's office.

18:27-3.2 Application procedures

(a) The **veteran's** property tax **deduction** should not be allowed unless the claimant submits sufficient documentation to support the application. Copies of supporting documentation should be attached to each claim and retained by the assessor.

(b) An application may be filed with the municipal assessor on or before December 31 of the pretax year. An application may also be filed with the municipal tax collector from January 1 through December 31 of the calendar tax year.

(c) Where an application is approved during the tax year and the **deduction** exceeds the property taxes already paid, the municipal governing body may, in its discretion, permit a refund, without interest, for the current tax year. However, no application shall be allowed by the assessor, collector or municipal governing body for any previous tax year.

(d) Where application is made with and allowed by the tax collector, the collector must promptly transmit the application and all attached exhibits or a photostatic copy to the municipal assessor who must review it. If approved by the assessor, it shall have the same force as if originally filed with him or her.

(e) The assessor shall maintain a complete file of all approved applications, together

with attached supporting documents as described in [N.J.A.C. 18:27-3.3](#). Applications verbally accepted in past years must be documented, accordingly.

18:27-3.3 Documentation in support of citizenship and residency

(a) For the **veteran**, New Jersey residency may be established by a valid New Jersey motor vehicle drivers license or registration, voter registration card, State tax return filing, post office verification, local memberships, children's school attendance, or other means satisfactory to the assessor;

(b) Surviving spouses of **veterans**, disabled **veterans** or servicepersons who died on active duty may establish their residency and that of the deceased spouse, when applicable, by submission of the certificate of eligibility rendered by the U.S. **Veteran's** Administration to qualified surviving spouses.

(c) Surviving domestic partners of disabled **veterans** or servicepersons who died on active duty shall not be required to provide a certificate of eligibility, but the domestic partner must provide certificate of domestic partnership.

18:27-3.4 Documentation in support of active service in a branch of the Armed Forces in time of war

(a) A photostatic copy of an honorable discharge or release under honorable circumstances must be attached to every application and made a permanent part of the assessor's file. A copy of claimant's service record (Form DD-214) is usually also needed to determine whether the character of service was in fact "active service," the assigned unit was a branch of the United States Armed Forces and the period served was in "a time of war." This form can also aid in determining questionable cases in that it sets forth notations regarding "travel pay allowances," "duty for training" and other factors helpful to a correct eligibility decision. In the event that a surviving domestic partner is not able to obtain a DD-214 form, other documentation showing the above facts may be acceptable, including a notarized affidavit establishing the existence of the above facts.

(b) For service in the peacekeeping missions, a claimant must have served in the aggregate for at least 14 days in the pertinent combat zone, except that where the claimant suffered a service-connected injury or disability in the combat zone, then active time served, though less than 14 days, is sufficient for property tax **deduction** purposes. Part of the prerequisite time may be shown by the following:

1. The required 14 days of active duty under this provision may be established by reference to certain key indices in the claimant's Form DD-214;
2. To verify the required 14 days of service in a combat zone for Lebanon, Grenada, or Panama, a key indice would be "the Overseas Department Medal" which would appear in item #13 of claimant's Form DD-214 entitled "Decorations, Medals, Badges, Citations and Campaign Ribbons Awarded or Authorized";
3. To verify the required 14 days of service in a combat zone for the Persian Gulf War, key indices are "S.W. Asia Service Medal" or "Overseas Service Ribbon" which would appear in item #13 of claimant's form DD-214, together with the notation in item #18 stating, "participated in Operation Desert Shield/Storm from _____19____ to _____19____ under title [10 U.S.C. 673](#),"

4. The key indices noted in (b)1 and 2 above may be read in conjunction with the dates provided in item #12 "Record of Service" to determine that the authorized awards occurred during the applicable periods designated "active duty in time of war."

18:27-3.5 Documentation in support of honorable discharge or release

Only an "honorable discharge" or "release under honorable circumstances" will qualify in support of all claims for the **deduction**. A copy of form DD-214, Certificate of Honorable Discharge, is the most common document.

18:27-3.6 Assistance to obtain certain documentation

Where necessary, a surviving registered domestic partner may seek the assistance of the New Jersey Department of Military and **Veteran's** Affairs in obtaining any necessary documentation from the United States Department of **Veterans** Affairs so as to qualify for the **veteran's deduction**.

18:27-3.7 Documentation in support of ownership of legal title

A claim for **deduction** must include documentation that the applicant owned legal title to the property for which the **deduction** is requested. The legal ownership interest for real property must relate to a freehold interest. A copy of the deed, executory contract for property purchase, probated will, or trust document may be accepted as proof of ownership.

18:27-3.8 Documentation in support of a surviving spouse/domestic partner

Surviving spouse/domestic partner must prove marriage or a registered domestic partnership to the deceased **veteran** or serviceperson, through whom the claim is made. A copy of the marriage certificate or domestic partnership registration certificate under [N.J.S.A. 26:8A-1](#) et seq., and the **veteran's** death certificate is necessary. The fact that a surviving spouse has not remarried must be supported by the certification of the U.S. Department of **Veteran's** Affairs verifying claimant's status as a surviving spouse and other factors, such as residency and wartime service related information. In the case of a registered domestic partnership, the fact that a surviving domestic partner has not entered into a new registered domestic partnership must be supported by a certification from the agency issuing certificates of domestic partnership that the surviving domestic partner has not entered into a new registered domestic partnership.

18:27-3.9 Refiling or updating application

A **deduction**, once granted under this chapter, remains in effect indefinitely. However, an assessor, at any time, may require any **veteran deduction** claimant to file a new application. Annually, as of October 1, the assessor should examine all **deductions** to determine whether any change has taken place with regard to residency, property ownership and marital status in the case of claims by the surviving spouses of servicepersons or **veterans**.

18:27-3.10 Annual reimbursement of taxing districts for **veterans'** property tax **deductions**

The State shall annually reimburse each taxing district in an amount equal to 102 percent of the amount of any **veterans'** property tax **deductions** granted in that taxing district. However, should a **deduction** have been allowed in error by the municipality, it shall return the full reimbursement to the State. There shall be no statute of limitation on the right of the State to seek such return. Upon such return to the State, the municipality may take whatever action the law allows to collect the **deduction** from the taxpayer who received it.

18:27-3.11 Administering oaths

The Director, in his or her discretion is empowered to dispense with a sworn oath. However, where applicable each assessor or collector and his or her duly assigned assistants are authorized to take and administer the oath on any claim for the **veteran's** property tax **deduction**. There is to be no charge for taking any affidavit or preparing any required form.
